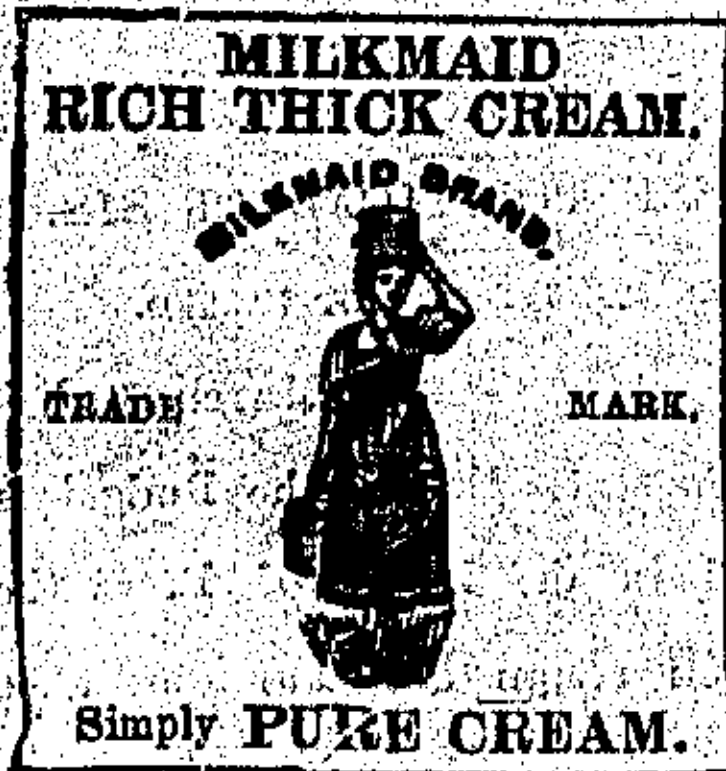




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10.00 " " 11.00 " " " "	" " " " " "
11.00 " " 12.45 p.m. ...	" " " " " "
12.45 p.m. " 1.15 " " " "	" " " " " "
1.15 " " 1.45 " " " "	" " " " " "
1.45 " " 2.15 " " " "	" " " " " "
2.15 " " 2.45 " " " "	" " " " " "
2.45 " " 3.00 " " " "	" " " " " "
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10.30 " " 11.00 " " " "	" " " " " "
11.00 " " 12.00 noon ...	" " " " " "
12.00 noon " 1.00 p.m. ...	" " " " " "
1.00 p.m. " 5.00 " " " "	" " " " " "
5.00 " " 6.00 " " " "	" " " " " "
6.00 " " 7.00 " " " "	" " " " " "
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4th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...	4th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...
5th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...	5th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...
6th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...	6th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...
7th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...	7th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...
8th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...	8th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...
9th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...	9th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...
10th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...	10th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...
11th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...	11th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...
12th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...	12th	Shanghai (Steamer) ...

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FURNITURE and PHOTO GOODS STORE.
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Hongkong, 10th April, 1913. [855]

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ONLY communications relating to the news column should be addressed to THE EDITOR.
Correspondents must forward their names and addresses with communications addressed to the Editor, not for publication as evidence of good faith. All letters for publication should be written on one side of paper only.

BIRTH.

BOWLEY.—On 23rd March, at Aberdeen, Mrs. F. B. L. BOWLEY, of a son.

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VOUX ROAD C.
LONDON OFFICE: 181, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MARCH 24TH, 1914.

A CAREFUL study of the telegraphic information reaching us regarding the present situation in Ulster can leave no one in doubt as to the extreme gravity of the situation which has been created by the Government's determination to take full advantage of the Parliament Act to place the Home Rule for Ireland Bill on the statute book of the realm. The Government's majority in the House of Commons has been absolutely unshaken by the weighty considerations advanced by the Unionist leaders in the debate on the vote of censure which they introduced to challenge directly the Government's Home Rule policy at the eleventh hour. All efforts to effect a compromise have failed and we are given to understand from the speeches of Cabinet Ministers that the Government is unanimous in its resolve now to pass the measure as it stands "undeterred by threats or taunts." On the other hand, we have clear evidence of a firm intention on the part of the Ulster Protestants to resist such a law by force of arms, and in this they have the avowed approval and support of the Unionist Party in Great Britain. Of still graver significance is the dissension in the Army. Many officers have tendered their resignation rather than fight in a civil war against their own political compatriots. Mr. LLOYD GEORGE is undoubtedly right when he says the gravest issue has arisen since the days of the Stuarts, but when he declares that "representative government is at stake" impartial students of the political struggle must at

once join issue with him. The Unionists have proclaimed their adherence to the true principle of representative government by directly and formally challenging the Government to put the question to the test of a Referendum. This challenge has been absolutely ignored. If the Government were really so satisfied as they profess to be that they are supported on this question by the great majority of the electors of the United Kingdom, why need there be any hesitation on their part to accept the challenge? The only reason which has ever been given for not resorting to the Referendum is that the method is expensive—surely a ridiculously inadequate excuse when the alternative is civil war! Mr. ASQUITH, indeed, has ventured to suggest that the Unionists might not abide by the verdict of the Referendum if it proved adverse to their object, but whatever the Protestant Ulstermen themselves might do in the circumstances, we cannot for a moment entertain the thought that the whole body of the Unionist Party would be prepared to disregard the principle of representative government and continue to resist by physical force a law which a majority of the electors had unmistakably approved. That would be anarchy pure and simple, and government would be rendered absolutely impossible in the country. It is obvious that the King's position in this crisis is a very delicate one indeed. Before the Act comes into force it must receive the assent of the King. His Majesty cannot withhold for long his assent to an Act passed by the House of Commons without shaking the very foundations of the Throne; and, on the other hand, if His Majesty's assent is followed by wholesale resignations in the Army the same grave difficulty presents itself in an even more acute form. Were the Government to throw up the sponge in consequence of the menace of a civil war in Ulster, what shall we say of the danger of civil war throughout the greater part of Ireland engendered by the sudden disappointment of a long sustained hope? Mr. EDMONDSON has told us that in that event Ireland would become "absolutely ungovernable," and when we recall the Nationalist campaigns of ten and twenty years ago, we cannot treat that threat as "mere bluff" any more than we can so regard the movement in Ulster. Would the Army, while refusing to obey the behests of a Liberal Government to suppress disturbances in Ulster, refuse likewise to obey the orders of a Unionist Government to suppress similar disturbances in the other provinces? If it be admitted that rebellion is justifiable in the one case, we must be prepared for the claim that it is justifiable in the other and when we have influential newspapers counselling officers of the Army in Ireland to resign rather than obey the orders of the Government for the time being in power and promising for them the support of the Unionist Party of the United Kingdom—it is impossible to exaggerate the gravity of the situation which has arisen. It is important to bear in mind that if the Referendum test be accepted and the result were adverse to Home Rule the Government—whether Liberal or Unionist—would still be faced with an "ungovernable Ireland." The latest information regarding the revolt in the Army seems to point to the officers being prepared to do their duty, so far as it concerns the protection of Government property. We sincerely hope they may never be called upon to do more than this and when what is required of the Army is defined in this way and accepted we think events will shape their course to a settlement on the basis of the scheme outlined in Mr. ASQUITH's recent speech. The Bill will be passed as it stands; the Ulster will resist and the Government will meet the difficulty by suspending its operation in Ulster in the hope that the good results which are expected to accrue to the rest of Ireland under Home Rule will be an inducement to Ulster in the course of a few years to come under the Act. There seems no other way out of the difficulty with any prospect of peaceful government in Ireland.

The Gula Kalumpung Rubber Estates, Limited, have declared a dividend of 1/- per share, less tax.

Whilst working on board the *Thongwa*, a coal barge, was accidentally knocked into one of the holds, and fractured his skull.

It is true that practically the whole Garrison turned out last night—but not to hunt the tiger. The annual manoeuvres were commenced.

For being in unlawful possession of 5 tael of prepared opium, other than Government opium, and one tael four mace of opium dross, a Chinese was fined \$25 on both charges at the Magistracy yesterday.

Lady May has kindly consented to distribute the prizes at the Lusitano Recreation Club's Athletic Sports on Easter Monday.

A Chinese who was knocked down by motor-car No. 7 near Observation Place was sent to hospital suffering from injuries to his head and arms.

A Chinese woman living in Swatow Lane has suffered the loss of \$254 in money, seven articles of jewellery, of the value of \$154, and \$23 worth of clothing.

Shanghai St. Patrick's Society received greetings on Tuesday last from Sir John Jordan, British Minister in Peking; Sir W. Conyngham Greene, British Ambassador in Tokyo; Sir Henry May, Governor of Hongkong; Lord Kitchener and Tient sin Irishmen.

Singapore Thespians have followed the example of the Hongkong A.D.C. by producing A "Triple Bill." The pieces performed were Wynn Miller's one-act comedy "Dream Faces"; Bernard Shaw's "How he lied to her husband," and "The Ghost of Jerry Bunder," by W. W. Jacobs and C. Rock.

Besides the cases of plague reported elsewhere there were 9 Chinese cases of small-pox in the Colony last week, eight being fatal. Seven of these cases occurred in districts other than the city of Victoria. There were 5 cases of cholera (all imported), 1 case of diphtheria, 1 of enteric fever, 1 of paratyphoid and 1 of puerperal fever.

The former members of the Metropolitan Police now serving in Hongkong held their second annual dinner at the Carlton Hotel on Saturday evening, nearly 30 being present. Sergt. Kent, who, with Sergt. Wills, was responsible for the arrangements, presided, Inspector Churcher, of the Naval Yard Police, occupying the vice-chair. An enjoyable smoking concert followed.

A Chinese visited three houses in Kin Yan Lane, and informed the inmates that he had been sent by the master to take the zinc sheeting off the houses. The tenants suspected nothing, and made no objection. The man had taken off several large pieces of sheeting when the rent collector chanced upon the scene. He saw the man, questioned him, and as a result gave him in charge. At the Magistracy yesterday, Mr. F. A. Hazland sentenced him to a month's hard labour.

A handsome model of the Hongkong University buildings, in silver, is on view at Mr. Wang Hing's large store in Queen's Road Central. It has been copied from one in wood provided by the architects, Messrs. Leigh & Orange, and has taken four men in Mr. Wang Hing's Canton factory nine months to complete. The model, which is perfect in every detail, is a beautiful example of the Chinese silversmith's art. On the ebony plinth on which it stands is a silver plate bearing the following inscription: "Hongkong University. Presented to Sir F. J. D. Lugard, G.C.M.G., C.B., D.S.O., by N. H. N. Mody, Esq., son of the late Sir H. N. Mody, Kt., donor of these buildings, on the occasion of the opening ceremony, 11th March, 1912."

A man named Gustav Petersen shot himself at the Savoy Hotel, Shanghai, last week. Petersen was a native of Germany, about 35 years of age. He was formerly a seafarer and for a considerable period held the position of chief officer on board a local German coasting steamer. He gave up the sea some time ago and joined the Chinese Maritime Customs service and was stationed at Hankow. He left the Customs recently, and previously, the *Mercury* says, he wrote a letter to the German Consulate wherein he announced his intention of killing himself. The authorities questioned him as to his object in writing the letter and the conclusion was come to that it was an idle threat inspired by over-indulgence and nothing further was thought of the matter. For some days past it was noticed that he was brooding over some real or fancied trouble, but no one had any idea that he contemplated suicide, and no reason can be given for the rash act. When the police examined the pistol it was found that two bullets had been fired, one of them entering the head, the second one missing, and this was later on found imbedded in the wall.

TIGER SEEN AGAIN

An Indian motor-car driver, employed by Messrs. S. Law & Son, Pokfulam, has informed the police that at about 2 a.m. on Saturday he saw a tiger standing under a tree outside his quarters. Upon observing him, the beast walked slowly away down the hillside. The police examined the place, and found the pugs of some wild animal leading from the bungalow to the Reservoir.

THE SITUATION IN ULSTER.

REVOLT OF ARMY OFFICERS.

SEVENTY CAVALRY OFFICERS TENDER THEIR RESIGNATIONS.

GOVERNMENT BELIEVE THIS TO BE DUE TO "HONEST MISUNDERSTANDING."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, March 23rd.

According to trustworthy accounts the position in the Third Cavalry Brigade at the Curragh and Dublin is unprecedented.

On Friday morning the War Office requested officers who were unprepared for active service in Ulster to send in their papers within twelve hours. Seventy, out of seventy-five, including General Gough, V.C., did send in their papers.

As a result of the conference at the War Office on Friday night, General Paget, the Officer Commanding the Troops in Ireland, conferred on Saturday with the senior officers who had resigned.

It was intimated that the War Office was willing to accept the resignations of General Gough and Major Kearsley, but not the others, who, if they disobeyed orders, would be liable to be tried by court-martial.

General Gough and Major Kearsley declined the special treatment offered and said they would stand or fall with their brother officers.

General Paget then intimated that the movement of troops at present was only for the protection of Government property and to assist the Police in maintaining order.

In view of this assurance the officers eventually agreed to go to Ulster, but definitely stated that they would not participate in hostilities against Loyalists.

This decision was telegraphed to Whitehall, and afterwards General Gough, Colonel McEwen of the 19th Lancers and Colonel Parker of the 5th Lancers were summoned to London. They visited the War Office yesterday.

Meanwhile the orders to move the Cavalry from the Curragh and Dublin northward have been suspended.

Colonel Hogg of the 4th Lancers has not resigned.

A number of officers left the Curragh yesterday on special leave. They stated that their resignations had not been accepted because they would then be free to join the Ulster Volunteers.

Many resignations have also been tendered in the Infantry and Artillery Brigades at Dublin, the Curragh, Newbridge, and Kildare, but up to the present all Infantry and Artillery ordered North have gone without demur.

The *Times* learns that the attitude of the Government is that the resignations are due to honest misunderstanding of the matter which had been tactlessly handled locally. There would be no penalisation of the officers. General Paget has been summoned to London.

PRESS COMMENTS.

The Liberal organs ascribe the resignations to political influences, and say they must be dealt with drastically, otherwise the Army's word will become the sole law.

The *Daily News* says that the Military conspirators against Parliament should be broken mercilessly, never re-admitted to the Army, and replaced from the ranks.

The *Daily Chronicle* comment is in similar strain.

The Unionist papers laud the resignations, and declare it is the duty of the Unionists to see that those who have resigned do not suffer for their self-sacrificing patriotism.

IMPORTANT DEBATE EXPECTED LAST NIGHT

It is expected that Mr. Bonar Law will move the adjournment of the House to-day and that an important debate will follow.

Lord Lansdowne will raise the question of the resignations of the officers in the House of Lords to-day.

There was a series of conferences of leading Ministers throughout the day and evening yesterday, and this is regarded as an indication of a very grave crisis.

The London and South-Western railway management state that they know nothing of any report that they had been ordered to keep trains in readiness at Aldershot for the conveyance of 10,000 troops to Glasgow and other ports.

The King has abandoned his visit to the Earl of Derby for the Liverpool Races this week.

Prior to the receipt of the above important dispatches we received the following items yesterday:—

A detachment of 350 Royal Engineers from Curragh Camp arrived at Dublin, and later proceeded to Holywood Barracks, Belfast. Other drafts from Curragh Camp are expected to-day. Thus the movement of troops toward Ulster continues. Already 3,000 Regulars, with two field batteries, have arrived there.

The Government's measures to preserve order have provoked an angry outburst in the *Conservative Press*, but Sir Edward Carson's appeal to his followers to remain calm has been admirably obeyed. Belfast bears a normal aspect, and Sir Edward Carson has not emerged from the residence of Captain Craig, at Craigavon, where he continues to hold counsel with his Lieutenants. The residence is guarded by armed sentries and orders are sent by telephone or despatch riders. The Old Town Hall, Belfast, which is the official headquarters of the Ulster Provisional Government, has been denuded of all equipment and documents and cipherers removed.

The *Conservative papers* continue to publish alarmist reports, and assert that the men of the Dorset Regiment who mutinied are kept prisoners in the Barracks, but this is probably an exaggeration, as in fact all the troops in Ulster are momentarily confined to Barracks.

The *Observer*, which was the first to publish the report that General Gough had resigned rather than take command in Ulster, exhorts all officers to resign, declaring that they would be supported by the Unionists.

Mr. Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty, had two lengthy interviews with Mr. Asquith, Mr. Augustine Birrell, Secretary of State for Ireland, being present at the second.

Colonel Seely, Secretary of State for War, had an audience with the King and afterwards saw Mr. Asquith.

The Archbishop of Canterbury visited Mr. Asquith and remained half-an-hour. Afterwards Mr. Asquith motored to the Palace and had an audience with the King, General French being present.

TELEGRAMS.

["DAILY PRESS" EXCLUSIVE SERVICE.]

JAPANESE POLITICAL CRISIS.

IF THE BUDGET IS NOT PASSED.

Tokyo, March 23rd.

The *Asahi* states that if the Budget is not passed in the House of Peers the Cabinet will resign and Parliament be prorogued.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

GERMAN MAIL SERVICES.

BERLIN, March 23rd.

A Bill has been presented in the Reichstag authorising the Chancellor to contract with a German firm for regular mail steamer services between the Far East, Australia and the German possessions in the South Seas in return for a maximum annual subsidy of £25,000. The services will begin on October 1 and there will be a line from Hongkong, via Rabaul to Sydney with sailings at intervals not to exceed four weeks. Another line will be from Singapore to Samoa via New Guinea, with sailings at intervals of not less than eight weeks. There will also be a service between the German islands in the Pacific at intervals of not less than three months. The ships must be built in German yards.

BOXING

FRENCH IDOL BEATEN ON POINTS.

PARIS, March 23rd.

Joe Jeannette defeated Carpentier on points in a 15-round contest for stakes of £2,000. Carpentier was the cleverer boxer, but his blows made little impression on his heavier opponent. Carpentier floored the negro in the first round, owing to the latter slipping. After this incident, the contest was even. There was a great deal of clinching, and Carpentier tired in his later rounds as a result of Jeannette's steady, hard hitting.

CORRESPONDENCE.

PRIVET AND CATARRHAL TROUBLE.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

Hongkong, March 23rd, 1914.

SIR,—A considerable number of residents, myself among the number—which is my excuse for writing upon the subject—are suffering at the present time from sore throat accompanied by severe cold in the head. There is a widespread belief that this is caused by the flowering of the privet tree. Would it not be desirable to verify or negative the reasonableness of this superstition, and, if there is found to be any foundation of truth in it, would it not be possible for the Government—in concert with the private owners of land at The Peak, and in the suburban districts—to take steps to extirpate it? I understand that in Shanghai there is a standing Municipal regulation upon the subject.—I am, yours obediently,

E. A. R.

[We were privileged to peruse a year or more ago a voluminous correspondence on this subject to which a large number of medical practitioners in the Colony, including the Army medical officers, contributed. On the one hand we had the statement of a layman that "great numbers of people" suffer from catarrhal trouble during the flowering season of the privet; and on the other hand we had the doctors unanimously saying that it was not within their experience. Our comment on this at the time was that "people do not rush into hospitals or call in the doctor on account of irritating catarrhal trouble, even when it is persistent, and if the complaint is common among residents who flourish, it ought not to be difficult to enlist the co-operation of such an effort to have the question thoroughly investigated." But nothing apparently was done in the matter.—Ed.]

THE TIGER

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."]

Hongkong, March 23rd, 1914.

SIR,—On the principle that "Seeing is believing," between the hours of 1 and 2 p.m. to-day I made a pilgrimage to the City Hall and asked to be directed to the Museum where the cast of the Hongkong tiger's footprints are said (in the columns of your paper, too, Mr. Editor) to be exhibited, but was informed that this interesting exhibit had not yet arrived, and the Museum was closed between the hours of one and two o'clock. Being in the vast majority of those who are engaged between the hours of ten and one o'clock and two and five o'clock, I shall reluctantly have to join the army of scoffers who ridicule the idea of a real tiger being in Hongkong. If there really have been footprints to make a cast of, why can't they be shown in the shop-window of some friendly mercantile firm who has the interests of truth seekers at heart? Yours faithfully,

A SEARCHER AFTER TRUTH.

TELEGRAMS.

["DER OSTASIATISCHER LLOYD" SERVICE.]

CHINA SERVICE.

THE PRESIDENT INDISPOSED.

PEKING, March 23rd.
President Yuan Shih-kai is suffering from a slight cold and is obliged to keep indoors, part of his duties being performed by the Vice-President.

Rumours that the President is seriously ill are unfounded.

LATER.

President Yuan Shih-kai has somewhat recovered, and tomorrow his Excellency will receive the Russian Minister and thank him for the retirement of the Russian troops from Peking.

ARRESTS AT PEKING.

PEKING, March 23rd.
Arrests are constantly taking place at Peking for alleged association with rebels.

The *Shun Tien Jih Pao*, a newspaper edited by Japanese, has this morning again been surrounded by the police. All the offices of the paper were searched and the Japanese temporarily detained and prevented from using the telephone meanwhile.

THE HANYEHPING LOAN.

PEKING, March 23rd.
The Industrial Conference now sitting at Peking has addressed a request to the President to stop the Hanyehping loan and to punish Shen Houan Hui.

EUROPEAN SERVICE.

THE GERMAN ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

BERLIN, March 22nd.
A great gathering of celebrities in the scientific world took place in the presence of H.M. the Kaiser and of the Court for the formal opening of the new Academy of Sciences at the Royal Library.

His Majesty in an address said that German scientific pursuits were of world-wide importance.

THE RUSSO-GERMAN PRESS FEUD.

BERLIN, March 22nd.
The *Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung* again makes reference to the Russo-German Press feud, and notes with satisfaction its abatement because of its disturbing effect on the relations of Germany and Russia with other Great Powers. The valuable interests of both empires should not be allowed to be endangered by Nationalistic excitement, and in this case at any rate there had been no specific causes for any weakening of the friendly relations which have existed between the two Powers.

ALSACE-LORRAINE.

BERLIN, March 22nd.
The decision regarding the Governor-Generalship of Alsace-Lorraine has been postponed until the Chancellor, Herr v. Bethmann, has presented his report to H.M. the Kaiser at Corfu during Easter.

THE ROYAL BIRTH.

BERLIN, March 22nd.
The French President and Government have congratulated H.M. the Kaiser upon the happy event befalling his daughter.

CHOLERA PATIENTS.

Six patients suspected of suffering from cholera have been removed from the quarantine junk to hospital during the week-end. They came to the Colony on board the *On Sang*.

ALICE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.

The Hon. Treasurer of the Alice Memorial and Affiliated Hospitals begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donations to the funds of the hospitals:—
Canadian Pacific Railway Co. \$50
MacEwen, Frickel & Co. 25
A. R. Marty 25
U. R. Marty 25
H. M. H. Nemaze 25
H. Wickham & Co. 25
Palmer & Turner 25
E. Pabany 25
N. J. Stabb 25
R. Timmerscheidt 25
Wilkinson & Grist 25
Holland China Trading Co. 25

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

THE QUESTION OF ASSISTANT CHAPLAIN.

NEW SCHEME APPROVED.

A general meeting of seatholders and subscribers of St. John's Cathedral was held at the City Hall last evening when the following resolution, proposed from the previous meeting, was submitted for approval or otherwise:—Resolved that a scheme for the raising of a fund by monthly subscriptions to provide the balance of the stipend of an Assistant Chaplain for St. John's Cathedral do receive the approval of this meeting of seatholders and subscribers. The outline of the scheme is:—

1. That a fund raised by monthly subscriptions shall be formed, to be used primarily for the payment of the balance of the stipend of an Assistant Chaplain at St. John's Cathedral.
2. That subscribers to the fund shall be at liberty to promise such monthly subscriptions during any period from six months to three years as they may wish.
3. That if the fund should show a credit balance at the end of a year, such balance shall be disposed of in a manner to be determined at the next meeting of seatholders and subscribers.
4. That the work of collecting the subscriptions to the fund shall be entrusted to the St. John's Cathedral Branch of the Church of England Men's Society.

The Bishop of Victoria presided, and among those also present were:—H.E. the Governor, the Rev. Copley Moyle, Archdeacon Barnett, Sir Paul Chater, the Hon. Mr. Pollock, K.C., the Hon. Mr. Claud Severn, the Hon. Mr. D. Landale, Mr. N. J. Stabb, and Mr. W. L. Patten, Secretary to the Church Body.

The Bishop referred to the happenings at the previous meeting which led up to the present meeting, and went on to say that there had been periods at the Cathedral when the Chaplain had been assisted. At the annual meeting in 1912, the Church Body voted a sum of £100 per annum for the purpose of obtaining a part-time clergyman who would do duty at St. Paul's College and also assist the Chaplain, Mr. Moyle. Personally, he was satisfied with the proposal and was quite willing to do his best to get such a man. However, Mr. Moyle preferred to have a whole-time rather than a half-time assistant, and as a result the matter had remained in abeyance, in the hope that Mr. Moyle would eventually enjoy the assistance of a full-time assistant. His lordship mentioned that the C.M.S. had been raising funds for that purpose and he wished to say that any sum of money raised in this way would be at the disposal of the Church Body, and the Church Body alone.

The Rev. Copley Moyle then detailed the need there was for an assistant Chaplain. He explained that the duty of visiting in the Colony was a very difficult one owing to the situation of the island, and the fact that the European population was mixed up with Chinese; and he was a great believer in the old adage that "a house-god parson means a Church going people." There was also the work of classes and guilds, very few of which they had in connection with the Cathedral, and because of lack of time he had found it impossible to arrange for any more, or anything new. As a consequence of this, he had been forced to drop his Communicants' class because it clashed with the C.M.S. and other Church matters. There was also the visiting of hospitals and gaols and the holding of services at these places. He was supposed to visit all these, though he was not able to do so as often as he would wish. The work at the gaol was important, and in this connection the speaker mentioned that he had given several Europeans a successful start in life after their fall. The person who was known as "the man in the street," he added, thought that a clergyman worked on one day in the week, Sunday, and rested for six. The work of a Chaplain was not Sunday work, but work which went on during the whole of the week. In a place like Hongkong, in addition to the usual duties, funerals and marriages came always unexpectedly. It was a good many years since the work had been done single-handed, and at the time Mr. Johnson worked single-handed was not done by him. In conclusion the Rev. Copley Moyle said there was great need for a children's service at the Cathedral, and added that, in addition to what he had referred to, he was responsible for two sermons at the Cathedral on Sundays. He did not want an assistant in order that he might do less work, but in order that more work, and better work could be done than was being done at the present time. (Applause.)

The Hon. Mr. CLAUD SEVERN referred to the financial side of the scheme and mentioned that though he had only sent out thirty subscription forms at a comparatively short notice the result was very remarkable, far more than he had previously expected, because he only asked people to subscribe \$1, \$2 or \$3 per month, or anything they liked to give. From three people he had no reply; probably they had forgotten all about it, from three more he had replies to the effect that they were unable to subscribe for reasons which they considered to be satisfactory, and from the others he got replies on the lines that they entirely sympathised, and subscribed. One had cases \$3, and others \$2 and \$1. One had promised \$12 a year for three years. However, he had only touched the fringe of the body of men who would have approached had there been time, and a slight indisposition had also delayed him. There were those who desired to subscribe 75 cents a month and who did not wish their names to appear on the shroff's list which would be sent around. He understood that a sum of \$115 per month had already been promised. The amount required was \$200, but he had no doubt, in view of what had already transpired, that they would easily get that amount. (Applause.) He then moved the resolution given above.

The Hon. Mr. D. LANDALE seconded, and it was unanimously carried.

The Rev. Copley Moyle mentioned that he did not doubt the Peak Church would be willing to contribute towards the scheme. The meeting closed with the pronouncing of the Benediction.

THE MORRISON COLLECTION.

TO BE REMOVED TO THE UNIVERSITY.

At the Supreme Court yesterday there was an *ex-parte* motion by the Attorney-General (Hon. Mr. J. A. S. Bucknill) that the Morrison Library should be transferred from the City Hall to the University, as the result of a petition. The application was made, he said, under Section 640 of the Code of Civil Procedure and of Ordinance 3 of 1901 in connection with certain authority which was concerned with the deposit of certain books in the City Hall.

His Lordship (Sir Wm. Rees Davies, K.C.) said that he had read the papers and all he wished the Attorney-General to do was to show him authority under which he could act.

The Attorney-General remarked that he wished to draw his Lordship's attention to one point. Mr. Morrison was, he believed, one of the first Protestant missionaries in China and was a very interesting man. He deposited, as his Lordship knew, those books in the Library at the City Hall under the somewhat curious terms which were contained in the minute, and that was all that was known about the matter. The collection of books consisted of Bibles, sermons and dictionaries and books of reference, and he believed there were some books of early travel in China; they were not probably very interesting to the general reading public, and were really merely for reference purposes. He believed Mr. Morrison translated the Bible into Chinese and also drew up a Chinese dictionary, and subsequently continued his labours in Macao. The trustees of the City Hall and the Council of the University were really the two authorities mainly concerned in the matter. The former were of the opinion, and he thought rightly so, that it was not proper for them to take the steps suggested without at any rate approaching the Government and incidentally the Attorney-General as representing the Government, and who was also representing the public. When the matter was placed before him he felt a great difficulty in getting any assent, as representing the public, without bringing the matter before his Lordship, and he thought, subject to his Lordship's ruling, that it would only be right that an advertisement of some sort should be inserted in the papers in order to publicly notify the application which he was making, so that if any members of the public had any objection they would have an opportunity of writing to the Government, thus bringing the matter before that Court. His Lordship would realise that his (the Attorney-General's) position was a little difficult, because he was representing both the City Hall trustees and the University, and he also humbly represented the public in the matter.

His Lordship asked if any advertisements had appeared.

The Attorney-General said this had not yet been done. He added that he felt the public had rights, and important rights, in the matter.

His Lordship asked if there was any real trust.

The Attorney-General replied that the only thing which was known about the matter at all was the minute made as far back as 1869. He thought there were several thousand of these books, and there was a minute in the City Hall which said that the library of the Morrison Education Society, together with the painting by Chinnery, and the trust of T. R. Morrison, be handed over to the City Hall Committee as a free gift for the use of the public. He believed that in consideration of the gift of and the great services rendered by Mr. Morrison to foreigners and Chinese the books were kept distinct and were designated "The Morrison Library" in perpetuation of the great missionary's memory. That was the only document which they had concerning the books, but he thought it was clearly seen, and the trustees' legal adviser agreed with him, that it was simply suggested that the collection should be housed in the University. It was also said in the supporting affidavits that the books were rarely if ever made use of. An affidavit was filed by Mr. Dennan Fuller, Secretary to the City Hall Committee, in which he stated that the books were very rarely used, and he (the Attorney-General) ventured to think that, except by students, they were never likely to be made use of. The affidavit also went on to say that the accommodation in the City Hall was limited; the space being required by the Lending Library. If the books were housed in the University, they were likely to be of greater public use than at present. The terms were that the collection should be maintained at the cost of the University, taken and retained there, but at such time that the City Hall trustees required the return of them, they should be handed back. The collection would be open to the public between 9 a.m.

and 5 p.m. on week-days, and the University was not to allow the books to be taken out for any purpose whatsoever. The collection was also to be insured by the University. He did not think there was anything objectionable in those terms.

His Lordship said it seemed to him a very desirable move.

The Attorney-General also put in affidavits filed by Mr. Bowley of the City Hall Committee and Mr. A. C. Franklin, Registrar of the University. The former said that the books were very rarely made use of, and the latter said that the University were quite ready to take them. He also referred to Halsbury on Charities, which stated that matters of general public utility were charitable within the meaning, and public libraries, museums, etc., were referred to. Thus he did not think there was any doubt at all that his Lordship had power to make an order. The Attorney-General added that he proposed, subject to what his Lordship thought, that before a final order was made, an advertisement should be inserted in the *Gazette* and possibly in some of the local papers.

His Lordship—So as to enable the public to take objection if they wish. The Attorney-General—That is so. His Lordship also said that he thought it was desirable that the public should see what the University were going to do, merely as a safeguard.

An order was subsequently made in the terms of the arrangements. An advertisement will be inserted and should there be any objections the Attorney-General will apply further.

THE PLAGUE.

There were 64 cases of plague in the Colony last week, but only 43 deaths are recorded. Among last week's cases there was one English and two Japanese victims, all the others being Chinese. The total number of cases since the beginning of the year down to Saturday last was 223; the total deaths 175.

COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS TO BE DESTROYED.

Mr. Homer H. Wong, of the Directorate General of Posts, representing the Ministry of Communications, was to have spoken for Shanghai on or about the 18th inst., to see to the destruction of a large number of the Chinese Republic Commemorative stamps at the Post Supply Department, Shanghai. These Commemorative stamps were issued in 3 Series, "Revolution" and "Republic" in the first year of the Chinese Republic (1912).

H.A.L. "SAXONIA" REFLOATED.

SUCCESSFUL SALVAGE WORK BY THE MITSU BISHI CO.

A telegram has been received at the Mitsu Bishi Dockyard and Engine Works, Nagasaki, stating that the Hamburg-America Line *Saxonia* has been refloated and placed in dry dock at Tsingtau for repairs.

This marks the completion of another very successful salvage undertaking by the Mitsu Bishi Dockyard. The *Saxonia* stranded on the 15th ult. and a request for assistance was made by Mr. C. E. Boedinghaus, the local agent of the Hamburg-America Line. At 11.30 a.m. on the 19th ult. the Mitsu Bishi salvage steamer left Nagasaki and she reached Kiaocho Bay, at the entrance to which the *Saxonia* stranded, on the 22nd. The work of salvage was immediately begun and proceeded without a hitch until the 4th inst., when an 18-inch pump, the largest carried by the *Oura-maru*, broke down. Advice of the mishap was sent to Kobe and the Mitsu Bishi salvage steamer *Arima-maru* was promptly despatched to render assistance, reaching the scene on the 10th inst., in spite of delay being caused by a storm encountered during the voyage. The salvage work was then resumed with vigour and the *Saxonia* was refloated, as stated above, on Thursday, the 12th inst.—Nagasaki Press.

GREAT DISCOVERY OF BOMBS.

SENSATION AT SHAOHSING.

SHAOHSING, March 10th.
Shaohsing is all agog with excitement over the discovery of three boxes of bombs. The bombs were discovered in a Buddist convent situated in the village of Shaohsing, a place two miles distant from the city. They were hidden amongst a great pile of firewood. One box contained about fifty bombs already charged, another had a quantity of uncharged shells, while the third contained all the paraphernalia necessary for the manufacture of these highly dangerous explosives.

The discovery was made on Friday evening and the bombs were brought into the city on Saturday, the 12th inst. The bombs weighed about four pounds each. Two nuns have been arrested, together with a man who was found in the convent at the time of the raid by the soldiers. It seems that the bombs have been stored in the convent some considerable time. They were, however, moved on March 12th and hidden underneath the firewood by two men from Chonghsien, named respectively Wu and Chien.

There are all kinds of rumours afloat as to the origin and purpose of the bombs. Some assert that they were consigned by revolutionaries, others by emissaries of the "White Wolf," others again that they were placed in the convent by the attention which had been credited with the intention of "looting the city." I am inclined to think that the first conjecture is nearest the mark. Wong Ching-fa, the famous rebel, has still a good many followers and sympathisers in this neighbourhood. The authorities, however, are thoroughly alarmed and have instituted a search of all hotels and lodging houses. The all hotels and lodging houses, and out of the city is being closely scrutinized, and all suspicious looking persons.—*J. C. Daily News*.

THE TRADE OF CHINA.

CUSTOMS RETURNS.

The *Customs Gazette* for the last quarter of 1913 has just been published. The duties and duties collected at the Chinese ports when compared with the same period of last year, show an increase of Tls. 1,479,924. There was an increase in import duty of Tls. 1,439,887; an increase in export duty of Tls. 218,470; an increase of coast trade duty of Tls. 30,043; a decrease on opium duty of Tls. 101,574; an increase in tonnage dues of Tls. 85,928. It will be seen by this that the bulk of the increase is in import duties. The following is the return of dues and duties collected from the different ports:—

Port.	1913.	1912.
Aigun	24,231.248	25,752.500
Sansai	3,449.837	2,000.078
Harbin District:—		
Manchouli	70,165.631	78,874.168
Harbin	27,100.976	40,357.462
Suifenh	174,409.659	180,120.439
Hunchun	11,485.224	11,981.873
Lungchingun	9,776.373	7,128.879
Antung	107,978.173	67,538.377
Tatungchow	688.000	688.790
Dairen	438,790.114	362,283.618
Newchwang	221,309.878	318,477.638
Chinwangtao	74,510.230	62,199.207
Tientsin	1,526,861.884	1,308,281.635
Chow	141,688.606	238,638.822
Kiaochow	551,888.171	520,428.898
Chungking	124,445.893	127,296.002
Tahang	39,111.098	35,077.640
Shang	15,124.427	17,924.143
Changsha	83,142.470	30,154.650
Yochow	11,050.641	55,877.760
Hankow	955,885.857	1,059,601.158
Kinking	133,527.827	147,832.749
Wuhu	161,825.241	276,637.140
Nanking	63,901.160	64,542.664
Chinkiang	188,015.394	323,401.402
Shanghai	4,817,533.686	3,060,681.695
Soochow	8,887.889	100,820.213
Hangchow	100,067.705	90,091.621
Ningpo	139,983.371	102,920.012
Wenchow	7,722.843	6,425.264
Santiao	4,925.751	6,678.970
Foochow	217,805.024	279,388.388
Amoy	176,274.690	304,001.652
Suato	549,912.210	505,438.500
Canton	907,126.717	807,608.688
Kowloon, Rail- way Collection	7,665.470	4,988.587
Kongmoon	139,662.643	132,703.909
Samsui	103,827.626	96,587.320
Wuchow	210,900.354	218,303.987
Nanning	34,806.635	26,773.637
Kiungchow	49,494.687	67,453.685
Pakhoi	29,175.655	37,622.200
Total Hk. Tls.	12,764,171.682	11,274,948.422

THE COLONY'S FINANCES.

A comparative statement of the revenue and expenditure for the period ended 31st December, 1913, is published in the current *Gazette*. The returns show a net increase of \$321,614 in the revenue and a net increase of \$1,456,469 in expenditure. Following are the returns:—

Head of Expenditure.	Actual Expenditure to 31st Dec., 1913.	Expenditure for same period of preceding Year.
Governor	\$2,051.05	\$7,668.72
Colonial Secretary's Dept. and Legislature	79,977.78	87,552.91
Secretariat for Chinese Affairs	41,674.04	45,520.75
Audit Dept.	30,817.39	26,727.35
Treasury	66,161.92	59,183.11
Harbour Master's Dept.	228,516.80	207,361.15
Royal Observatory	24,255.49	22,595.08
Miscellaneous Services	387,788.79	214,275.04
Judicial and Legal	253,636.18	241,508.52
Police and Prison	909,421.09	749,571.07
Medical Depts.	227,307.03	218,602.02
Sanitary Dept.	331,234.55	324,195.86
Botanical and Forestry Dept.	48,745.88	39,865.27
Education	269,164.33	243,369.39
Military Expenditure	1,615,083.32	1,421,352.47
Public Works	307,544.52	314,590.96
Public Works	509,843.24	447,636.44
Public Works	1,947,689.34	1,051,840.43
Post Office	622,567.51	296,867.12
Kowloon-Canton Railway	245,803.58	207,350.78
Charge on A/c of Public Debt	672,901.36	647,172.56
Pensions	230,230.88	258,439.13
Charitable Services	24,916.41	24,399.09
Total	\$3,658,012.93	\$7,202,549.25

Head of Revenue.	Actual Revenue to 31st Dec., 1913.	Revenue for same period of preceding Year.
Light Dues	\$3,649.44	\$87,454.95
Light Dues, Special	104,648.41	98,448.45
Assessment and Licences and Internal Revenue not otherwise specified	5,510,500.89	5,371,410.75
Fees of Court or Office, Payments for specific purposes and Reimbursements in Aid	711,334.94	785,534.51
Post Office	439,159.37	401,054.32
Kowloon-Canton Railway	225,115.22	251,971.53
Rent of Government Land and Houses	898,480.27	873,732.50
Miscellaneous Receipts	139,844.82	147,263.49
Total	\$8,220,023.36	\$8,016,909.50
Land Sales (Premium on New Leases)	292,225.48	163,784.58
Total	\$8,512,308.84	\$8,180,694.08

INTIMATIONS.

SPOTS ON FACE ITCHING DREADFUL.

Also on Hand. Some Blackheads. Others Opened Like Scurf. Could Not Sleep or Eat. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Cured in 3 Weeks.

33, Whitlock St., Off North St., Leeds, Eng.—"The spots began on my face and on my hands; some of the spots were blackheads and the others opened like scurf and the itching was dreadful. I could not sleep and I could not eat, and I used to go mad with myself through this terrible itching. We had bought all kinds of things and nothing did me any good at all. At last my sister looking through the pattern book saw the advertisement of Cuticura Soap and Ointment in, so she said, 'Now Sarah try it.' The first day I used it the itching stopped and then the spots came off gradually, and it took three weeks for curing, and I know my face is grand. I really cannot forget the treatment and I keep on buying it still, and I shall always use it. I recommend it to all my friends in Leeds." (Signed) Miss Sarah Colton, Apr. 27, 1912.

TO REMOVE DANDRUFF.

Prevent dry, thin and falling hair, slay itching and irritation, and promote the growth and beauty of the hair, frequent shampoo with Cuticura Soap, assisted by occasional dressings with Cuticura Ointment, afford a most effective and economical treatment. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold throughout the world. A sample of each with 25¢ Skin Book free from nearest depot: F. Newberry & Sons, 27, Charterhouse Sq., London; Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, U.S.A. As Tender-faced men should shavo with Cuticura Soap Shaving Stick. Sample free.

[8-15]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,

WATCHMAKERS

AND

JEWELLERS.

HIGHEST GRADE

ENGLISH SWISS

AND

AMERICAN WATCHES.

AGENTS FOR

AMERICAN HOWARD WATCH.

Representatives for—

MAPPIN & WEBB, LTD., London.

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ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

CHATER ROAD.

[84]

CALDBECK,

MACGREGOR & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1864.)

THE OLDEST FIRM OF WHISKY

BLENDEES IN THE EAST.

V.O.S. WHISKY

AND

CALDBECK'S

LIQUEUR



NAPIER JOHNSTONE'S

"SQUARE BOTTLE"

WHISKY.
UNVARIED FOR OVER
150 YEARS.

THE SAME TO-DAY AS IN
1745.

**BEWARE OF
IMITATIONS.**

SOLE AGENTS IN HONGKONG
LANE CRAWFORD & CO.
and from ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

AUCTIONS

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTOR

of the

Will of the late Mr. A. A. D. Sassoon.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MESSES. HUGHES & HOUGH have received instructions to Sell by PUBLIC AUCTION On THURSDAY, the 26th day of March, 1914, at 12 o'clock Noon, at their Auction Rooms, THE VERY VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES known as SOWKEWAN LOTS Nos. 105, 107, 108, 118 and 187, IN FOUR LOTS.

The Properties comprise desirable building sites situated on and near the Main Road, Sowkewan, and ripe for immediate development. A Plan showing the positions and dimensions of the respective Lots may be seen at and Particulars and Conditions of Sale may be obtained from the Vendor's Solicitors, **MESSES. DEACON, LOOKER, DEACON & HARBTON**, 1, Des Vaux Road Central, and also **MESSES. DAVID SASSOON & Co., Ltd.**, 8a, Des Vaux Road Central, and also **MESSES. HUGHES & HOUGH**, The Auctioneers, Hongkong, 9th March, 1914. [388]

G. E.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 30th day of March, 1914, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, by Order of His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Ngau Shi Wan in the New Territories of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from 1st day of July, 1898, with the option of renewal at a CROWN RENT to be fixed by the Surveyor of His MAJESTY THE KING for one further term of 24 years less 3 days.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot	Boundary Measurements (Approximate)	Contents in square feet	Annual Rent	Upset Price
12	As per plan	52,303	about	1,388
13	As per plan	52,303	about	1,388

G. E.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the letting by Public Auction Sale, to be held on MONDAY, the 30th day of March, 1914, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, by Order of His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, of One Lot of CROWN LAND at Bowen Road, in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, commencing from the 20th day of November, 1899, with the option of renewal at a CROWN RENT to be fixed by the Surveyor of His MAJESTY THE KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Lot	Boundary Measurements (Approximate)	Contents in square feet	Annual Rent	Upset Price
14	As per plan	14,500	(about)	100
15	As per plan	14,500	(about)	100

SUPREME COURT.

Monday, 23rd March.

IN CRIMINAL JURISDICTION.

Before Mr. H. H. J. GOMPERTZ (Puisne Judge).

A NINE YEAR OLD MURDER.

Chu Loi, alias Chu 'Toi, was charged with the murder of Sing Wing at Wong Nai U on 14th March, 1905. The man pleaded not guilty.

The Crown Solicitor (Mr. J. H. Kemp) prosecuted on behalf of the Crown, and Mr. G. C. Albaster (instructed by Mr. Crowther Smith) was for the defence.

The following jury was empanelled:—Messrs. G. A. Dias, A. J. Haesman, A. J. C. da Silva, J. F. Millar, A. W. Heron, G. A. Miller, and J. M. P. Tavares.

The Crown Solicitor said that this was a case which had one unusual feature, and that was the lapse of time since the murder was alleged to have taken place.

The jury would find that the witnesses would refer to the murdered man as Sing Ying instead of Sing Wing, but it would be explained to them in evidence that Ying was a local dialectical pronunciation of Wing, the correct name.

The murder was alleged to have taken place at the village of Wong Nai U. Deceased and an employee were returning early in the morning from Kowloon when they kicked into something which squealed and turned out to be a pig. Subsequently they found prisoner and other men with a pig. Prisoner was supposed to have said something to the effect that the pigs were not theirs, and that he was only passing through. The deceased then said, "Even then, let me have a look at it," he wanted to make sure that what the prisoner said was correct. Then, without more ado apparently the prisoner pulled out a revolver and fired at deceased. The deceased's companions and the other men, becoming frightened, ran away, and when they had gone away, leaving the deceased and the pig behind, they would say that they heard another revolver report. When they returned they found deceased was wounded in the lower part of the abdomen. He was taken to his home and subsequently to the hospital, where he died the following day. Witnesses would be called to say that on that evening they saw a man carrying in one hand a lamp and in the other a revolver, and these people would say that they had seen prisoner once previously a few months ago. He subsequently ran away. When prisoner was charged with the affair he made a statement which was practically colourless. He said he knew nothing about it and added: "Nobody saw me kill him." The prisoner was arrested on February 3rd and when charged then he said, "I do not know anything about the killing of Sing Wing. Nobody saw me kill him."

Several witnesses were called by the Crown, and to one to them

Mr. Albaster said—Out of revenge as the result of a quarrel. I put it to you that you have told this story, after nine years have elapsed. You have all agreed to say that this is the man who did it?—Witness said this was not so. He had really identified the prisoner as the man who committed the act.

The hearing was adjourned until to-day.

DEATH OF OLD CHINA HANDS.

Northern newspapers record the death of two Europeans who have lived in China for more than fifty years—Mr. G. A. Woods, of Shanghai, and Mr. J. Smith, of Chefoo.

Mr. Woods is described by the *Shanghai Mercury* as probably the oldest foreign resident of Shanghai. The deceased, who had attained the ripe age of 85 years, was an American by birth and was a native of the State of Maine. He early took up the marine engineering profession, and after sailing in American steamers for a number of years on his native coast came to the Far East some fifty years ago. He decided to remain ashore and, after serving through the Taiping Rebellion, entered the employ of Messrs. Farnham & Co., where he remained for a number of years, only leaving that service to go into business for himself. He opened a shop in the Dixwell Road, which he conducted till early in 1900, when he finally retired from active life.

Mr. J. Smith was the oldest Chefoo resident, says the *Chefoo newspaper*. He came to Chefoo about 50 years ago and has been closely identified with the port for a longer period than the majority can remember. Mr. Smith, whose real name was J. Rysterburgh, was a native of Holland, and born in 1833. Upon his arrival in Shanghai in a sailing ship he commenced trading; his principal business being the supplying of the foreign troops and men-of-war with provisions. This brought him to Chefoo, when the French made this port their base of operations during their early war with China. It was shortly after that he joined Mr. "Harry" Sietas and with him established the well-known firm of Messrs. H. Sietas & Co. Later on again he carried on a business of his own which he carried to live with his daughter, who resided at Newchwang and later at Harbin. About two years ago he returned to Chefoo, since which time he has been in failing health. He leaves one daughter, Mrs. A. W. Ledebor, who at present lives in Hohiow, to mourn his loss, to whom sympathies are extended.

WM. POWELL, LTD.

TELEPHONE 346.

CHINA AND GLASS DEPT.

"SILICON" CHINA

DARK BLUE AND GOLD BORDER.

COMPLETE RANGE OF EVERYTHING FOR THE

DINNER, TEA AND BREAKFAST

TABLE.

ODD PIECES SOLD.

PLAIN WHITE DINNERWARE

AND

WHITE AND GOLD CHINA TEAWARE

IN ANY QUANTITY TO SUIT THE PURCHASER.

[627]

INDO-CHINA PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LTD.

FAMOUS DRAGON BRAND CEMENT



HIGH QUALITY BUILDING CEMENT

ALWAYS IN STOCK

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YOU MAY REST ASSURED

that Beecham's Pills will be of great service to you if your stomach is out of order or your liver is sluggish. The conditions of life in these days are so strenuous that nearly everybody is at times, overcome by nervous derangement of the digestive organs. Even the strongest and healthiest occasionally require a little corrective medicine. It is worth remembering that thousands of people have proved that

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speedily exert a curative effect upon the disturbed organs and restore them to their normal healthy state. This splendid preparation has a world-wide reputation for relieving the ailments arising from stomach and liver and kidney disorders, such as languor, depression, flatulence, constipation, biliousness, headache, etc. If you have any such symptoms, take Beecham's Pills and, depend upon it, they

WILL DO YOU GOOD.

Sold in boxes labelled price 9d., 1/1d. & 2/6.

COMPANY MEETING.

SHANGHAI & HONGKOW WHARF COMPANY, LTD.

The annual general meeting of the Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Co., Ltd., was held at the offices of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., last Monday, Mr. C. E. Anton, Chairman, presiding. There were also present:—Messrs. H. R. Kinnear, H. A. J. Macray, A. M. Marshall, C. W. Wrightson (directors), J. J. Dunne (secretary), H. J. Clark, Dr. N. Macleod, E. A. Mackay, P. A. H. Chambers, A. R. Wilson, D. Brand, J. R. Elias, R. H. Elias, J. Kerfoot and A. Brooke-Smith.

The Secretary having read the notice convening the meeting and the auditors' report.

The Chairman said:—Gentlemen, The report and accounts having been in your hands for some time, I propose, as customary, to take them as read. As regards the statement of accounts it has to be observed that the balance of the working account is Tls. 332,191.40 as compared with Tls. 370,479.01 for the year 1912 and that the cost of repairs has exceeded, by Tls. 4,003.63, the amount provided from the profits of that year. The result is that your directors regret that they can only recommend a final dividend of Tls. 3 per share, which will make Tls. 6 per share in all for 1913. At one time during the year we had the expectation of being able to pay the same dividend as for 1912, but unfortunately our hopes have not been realized owing to a considerable extent to the rebellion which, while it lasted, adversely affected our business, more especially in respect to the quantities of cargo landed at our wharves by coastal steamers. There has also to be recorded a decrease on the amount earned for storage rent as compared with 1912. You will notice it is proposed to transfer from profit and loss account Tls. 25,000 as provision for repairs during 1914 and to carry forward Tls. 3,880.92. It is difficult at a time so early in the year as this to make any reliable forecast as to probable results for 1914, and I can only express the hope that we may experience a better year than the past one. Gentlemen, I think that it is all it is necessary to say, but if any shareholder has questions to ask I shall be glad to answer them to the best of my ability.

No questions were asked, and the chairman moved the adoption of the report and accounts, as presented.

Mr. A. M. Marshall seconded, and the resolution was carried.

Dr. N. Macleod proposed the re-election of Messrs. H. R. Kinnear, H. A. J. Macray, A. M. Marshall, C. W. Wrightson, and the senior representative of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., as directors.

Mr. H. J. Clark seconded. Carried unanimously.

Mr. A. Brooke-Smith proposed, and Mr. Clark seconded, that Messrs. G. R. Wingrove and H. W. G. Hayter be re-elected auditors. The proposition was unanimously carried.

The Chairman—I have now to propose that a final dividend of Tls. 3 per share be declared for the year 1913.

Mr. H. R. Kinnear seconded. Carried.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP

OF

HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME

FOR

STUBBORN COUGHS

BRONCHITIS

WEAK LUNGS

CATARRH

CONSUMPTION

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 2. No. 3. No. 4. No. 5. No. 6. No. 7. No. 8. No. 9. No. 10. No. 11. No. 12. No. 13. No. 14. No. 15. No. 16. No. 17. No. 18. No. 19. No. 20. No. 21. No. 22. No. 23. No. 24. No. 25. No. 26. No. 27. No. 28. No. 29. No. 30. No. 31. No. 32. No. 33. No. 34. No. 35. No. 36. No. 37. No. 38. No. 39. No. 40. No. 41. No. 42. No. 43. No. 44. No. 45. No. 46. No. 47. No. 48. No. 49. No. 50. No. 51. No. 52. No. 53. No. 54. No. 55. No. 56. No. 57. No. 58. No. 59. No. 60. No. 61. No. 62. No. 63. No. 64. No. 65. No. 66. No. 67. No. 68. No. 69. No. 70. No. 71. No. 72. No. 73. No. 74. No. 75. No. 76. No. 77. No. 78. No. 79. No. 80. No. 81. No. 82. No. 83. No. 84. No. 85. No. 86. No. 87. No. 88. No. 89. No. 90. No. 91. No. 92. No. 93. No. 94. No. 95. No. 96. No. 97. No. 98. No. 99. No. 100. No. 101. No. 102. No. 103. No. 104. No. 105. No. 106. No. 107. No. 108. No. 109. No. 110. No. 111. No. 112. No. 113. No. 114. No. 115. No. 116. No. 117. No. 118. No. 119. No. 120. No. 121. No. 122. No. 123. No. 124. No. 125. No. 126. No. 127. No. 128. No. 129. No. 130. No. 131. No. 132. No. 133. No. 134. No. 135. No. 136. No. 137. No. 138. No. 139. No. 140. No. 141. No. 142. No. 143. No. 144. No. 145. No. 146. No. 147. No. 148. No. 149. No. 150. No. 151. No. 152. No. 153. No. 154. No. 155. No. 156. No. 157. No. 158. No. 159. No. 160. No. 161. No. 162. No. 163. No. 164. No. 165. No. 166. No. 167. No. 168. No. 169. No. 170. No. 171. No. 172. No. 173. No. 174. No. 175. No. 176. No. 177. No. 178. No. 179. No. 180. No. 181. No. 182. No. 183. No. 184. No. 185. No. 186. No. 187. No. 188. No. 189. No. 190. No. 191. No. 192. No. 193. No. 194. No. 195. No. 196. No. 197. No. 198. No. 199. No. 200. No. 201. No. 202. No. 203. No. 204. No. 205. No. 206. No. 207. No. 208. No. 209. No. 210. No. 211. No. 212. No. 213. No. 214. No. 215. No. 216. No. 217. No. 218. No. 219. No. 220. No. 221. No. 222. No. 223. No. 224. No. 225. No. 226. No. 227. No. 228. No. 229. No. 230. No. 231. No. 232. No. 233. No. 234. No. 235. No. 236. No. 237. No. 238. No. 239. No. 240. No. 241. No. 242. No. 243. No. 244. No. 245. No. 246. No. 247. No. 248. No. 249. No. 250. No. 251. No. 252. No. 253. No. 254. No. 255. No. 256. No. 257. No. 258. No. 259. No. 260. No. 261. No. 262. No. 263. No. 264. No. 265. No. 266. No. 267. No. 268. No. 269. No. 270. No. 271. No. 272. No. 273. No. 274. No. 275. No. 276. No. 277. No. 278. No. 279. No. 280. No. 281. No. 282. No. 283. No. 284. No. 285. No. 286. No. 287. No. 288. No. 289. No. 290. No. 291. No. 292. No. 293. No. 294. No. 295. No. 296. No. 297. No. 298. No. 299. No. 300. No. 301. No. 302. No. 303. No. 304. No. 305. No. 306. No. 307. No. 308. No. 309. No. 310. No. 311. No. 312. No. 313. No. 314. No. 315. No. 316. No. 317. No. 318. No. 319. No. 320. No. 321. No. 322. No. 323. No. 324. No. 325. No. 326. No. 327. No. 328. No. 329. No. 330. No. 331. No. 332. No. 333. No. 334. No. 335. No. 336. No. 337. No. 338. No. 339. No. 340. No. 341. No. 342. No. 343. 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No. 455. No. 456. No. 457. No. 458. No. 459. No. 460. No. 461. No. 462. No. 463. No. 464. No. 465. No. 466. No. 467. No. 468. No. 469. No. 470. No. 471. No. 472. No. 473. No. 474. No. 475. No. 476. No. 477. No. 478. No. 479. No. 480. No. 481. No. 482. No. 483. No. 484. No. 485. No. 486. No. 487. No. 488. No. 489. No. 490. No. 491. No. 492. No. 493. No. 494. No. 495. No. 496. No. 497. No. 498. No. 499. No. 500. No. 501. No. 502. No. 503. No. 504. No. 505. No. 506. No. 507. No. 508. No. 509. No. 510. No. 511. No. 512. No. 513. No. 514. No. 515. No. 516. No. 517. No. 518. No. 519. No. 520. No. 521. No. 522. No. 523. No. 524. No. 525. No. 526. No. 527. No. 528. No. 529. No. 530. No. 531. No. 532. No. 533. No. 534. No. 535. No. 536. No. 537. No. 538. No. 539. No. 540. No. 541. No. 542. No. 543. No. 544. No. 545. No. 546. No. 547. No. 548. No. 549. No. 550. No. 551. No. 552. No. 553. No. 554. No. 555. No. 556. No. 557. No. 558. No. 559. No. 560. No. 561. No. 562. No. 563. No. 564. No. 565. No. 566. No. 567. No. 568. No. 569. No. 570. No. 571. No. 572. No. 573. No. 574. No. 575. No. 576. No. 577. No. 578. No. 579. No. 580. No. 581. No. 582. No. 583. No. 584. No. 585. No. 586. No. 587. No. 588. No. 589. No. 590. No. 591. No. 592. No. 593. No. 594. No. 595. No. 596. No. 597. No. 598. No. 599. No. 600. No. 601. No. 602. No. 603. No. 604. No. 605. No. 606. No. 607. No. 608. No. 609. No. 610. No. 611. No. 612. No. 613. No. 614. No. 615. No. 616. No. 617. No. 618. No. 619. No. 620. No. 621. No. 622. No. 623. No. 624. No. 625. No. 626. No. 627. No. 628. No. 629. No. 630. No. 631. No. 632. No. 633. No. 634. No. 635. No. 636. No. 637. No. 638. No. 639. No. 640. No. 641. No. 642. No. 643. No. 644. No. 645. No. 646. No. 647. No. 648. No. 649. No. 650. No. 651. No. 652. No. 653. No. 654. No. 655. No. 656. No. 657. No. 658. No. 659. No. 660. No. 661. No. 662. No. 663. No. 664. No. 665. No. 666. No. 667. No. 668. No. 669. No. 670. No. 671. No. 672. No. 673. No. 674. No. 675. No. 676. No. 677. No. 678. No. 679. No. 680. No. 681. No. 682. No. 683. No. 684. No. 685. No. 686. No. 687. No. 688. No. 689. No. 690. No. 691. No. 692. No. 693. No. 694. No. 695. No. 696. No. 697. No. 698. No. 699. No. 700. No. 701. No. 702. No. 703. No. 704. No. 705. No. 706. No. 707. No. 708. No. 709. No. 710. No. 711. No. 712. No. 713. No. 714. No. 715. No. 716. No. 717. No. 718. No. 719. No. 720. No. 721. No. 722. No. 723. No. 724. No. 725. No. 726. No. 727. No. 728. No. 729. No. 730. No. 731. No. 732. No. 733. No. 734. No. 735. No. 736. No. 737. No. 738. No. 739. No. 740. No. 741. No. 742. No. 743. No. 744. No. 745. No. 746. No. 747. No. 748. No. 749. No. 750. No. 751. No. 752. No. 753. No. 754. No. 755. No. 756. No. 757. No. 758. No. 759. No. 760. No. 761. No. 762. No. 763. No. 764. No. 765. No. 766. No. 767. No. 768. No. 769. No. 770. No. 771. No. 772. No. 773. No. 774. No. 775. No. 776. No. 777. No. 778. No. 779. No. 780. No. 781. No. 782. No. 783. No. 784. No. 785. No. 786. No. 787. No. 788. No. 789. No. 790. No. 791. No. 792. No. 793. No. 794. No. 7

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SHANGHAI	ARCADIA	5 A.M. 26th Mar.	Freight and Passage.
LONDON VIA USUAL PORTS	DEVANHA	Noon 28th Mar.	See Special Advertisement.
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SHANGHAI, KOBE, MANILA and YOKOHAMA	COLOMBO, PORT SAID, and MALAKKA	About 3rd Apr.	Freight and Passage.

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Hongkong, 24th March, 1914.

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SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
SWATOW, AMOY, SHANGHAI and CHIOO	"CHONGHUA"	On 24th Mar., Noon.	
MANILA, OBU and ILOILO	"CHONGHUA"	On 24th Mar., 4 P.M.	
SHANGHAI	"CHONGHUA"	On 24th Mar., 4 P.M.	
WEI LAIWEI, BEFOO and TIENTSIN	"KUSICHOW"	On 26th Mar., 10 A.M.	
SEA, SHANGHAI and TIENTSIN	"KUSICHOW"	On 26th Mar., 4 P.M.	
SHANGHAI and TIENTSIN	"CHENAN"	On 28th Mar., Noon.	
SHANGHAI and TIENTSIN	"CHENAN"	On 28th Mar., 4 P.M.	
SHANGHAI and TIENTSIN	"CHENAN"	On 31st Mar., Noon.	
SHANGHAI and TIENTSIN	"CHENAN"	On 31st Mar., 4 P.M.	
SHANGHAI and TIENTSIN	"CHENAN"	On 2nd Apr., 4 P.M.	

DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.

MANILA LINE—TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS "CHONGHUA," "TAMING" and "TEAN." Excellent Saloon accommodation Amidships; Electric Fans fitted; Extra State-rooms on Deck, aft, on "TAMING" and "TEAN."

SHANGHAI LINE—TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS "ANHUI," "CHENAN" and the S.S. "LIANGHOU," "LUOHOW" and "YINGHOU," having excellent accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-rooms and Dining Saloon, maintain a fast schedule service between Canton, Hongkong and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Thursday and Sunday, taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

The Steamers leaving Hongkong on Sundays proceed from Shanghai to TIENTSIN, leaving there on Tuesdays for Shanghai, Hongkong and Canton.

N.B.—Passengers must embark before Midnight on SATURDAY for the SUNDAY Morning sailings. A Co's launch leaves Murray Pier at 10 o'clock every SATURDAY Night.

These Steamers Land Passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of the transshipment at Wooning.

REDUCED FARES—SINGLE \$45.....RETURN \$75.

For Freight or Passage apply to—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Hongkong, 24th March, 1914. TELEPHONE 36. AGENTS.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS.

HIGHEST Class, Fastest and Most Luxurious Steamers on the Coast, having Splendid Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light. Excellent Cuisine.

SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOCHOW AND RETURN.

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days).

STEAMSHIP	CAPTAIN	LEAVING
"HAICHING"	Capt. W. C. Passmore	TUESDAY, 24th Mar., at 11 A.M.
"HAITAN"	Capt. J. B. Bouché	FRIDAY, 27th Mar., at 11 A.M.
"HAITANG"	Capt. J. B. Bouché	TUESDAY, 31st Mar., at 11 A.M.

For SWATOW AND RETURN.
(Occupying 5 Days).

HAIMUN	Capt. J. B. Bouché	WEDNESDAY, 25th Mar., at 11 A.M.
		SUNDAY, 29th Mar., at 10 A.M.

Steamers will arrive at and Depart from the Company's Wharf (near Blake Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.,
GENERAL MANAGERS.

Hongkong, 24th March, 1914.

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

MAIL SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA VIA MANILA.

MAIL SCHEDULE (SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION).

STEAMER	ARRIVE HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA	LEAVE HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA
EASTERN	4th April.	On 9th Apr. 10 A.M.
ALDENHAM	2nd May.	On 1st May, 10 A.M.
EMPIRE		On 29th May, 10 A.M.

The above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity. A State-Rooms have Electric Fans. A duly qualified Doctor and Stewardess are carried.

For further particulars apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
AGENTS.

39

HAMBURG - AMERIKA LINIE. IN CONJUNCTION WITH DEUTSCHE DAMPSCHIFFFAHRT GESELLSCHAFT "HANSA."

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES, via STRAITS and COLOMBO, to MARSEILLES, HAVRE, BREMEN, HAMBURG and NEW YORK and from MANILA, HONGKONG, CANTON, SHANGHAI and YOKOHAMA to VANCOUVER (B.C.) and PORTLAND (Ore).

TAKING Cargo at Through Rates to all European, North Continental and British Ports, also Trieste, Lisbon, Oporto, Marseilles, Genoa, and other Mediterranean, Levantine, Black Baltic Sea and Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

OUTWARD.

FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA:		FOR BOSTON & NEW YORK:	
S.S. BRIGAVIA	7th April.	S.S. AMERICA	25th Mar.
S.S. UCKERMARK	9th April.	FOR HAVRE, BREMEN & HAMBURG:	
S.S. ALTMARK	25th April.	S.S. SCANDIA	29th Mar.
S.S. FURST BULOW	1st May.	FOR MARSEILLES, DUNKIRK, ROTTERDAM & HAVRE:	
S.S. SAMBIA	21st May.	S.S. SACHSEN	31st Mar.
S.S. FRISIA	29th May.	FOR HAVRE, BREMEN & HAMBURG:	
S.S. SILEBIA	18th June.	S.S. ALBANY	4th Apr.
		FOR HAVRE, BREMEN & HAMBURG:	
		S.S. ALBESIA	8th Apr.

For Further Particulars, apply to—

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,
Hongkong Office

Hongkong, 16th March, 1914.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA. NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.



SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

VIA SHANGHAI, MANILA, THE INLAND SEA, JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Change Without Notice.

Steamer	Displacement Tons and Speed	Leave Hongkong
TENYO MARU	22,000—21 knots..	SATUR., 4th April.
* NIPPON MARU	11,000 — 18 knots ..	WED., 8th April.
* HONGKONG MARU	11,000 — 18 knots ..	SATURDAY, 24th April.
* SHINYO MARU	22,000—21 knots..	from KOBE 11th May.
CHIYO MARU	22,000—21 knots..	TUES., 19th May.

* Passengers by this Steamer may travel per s.s. "HONGKONG MARU."

* via MANILA. Omitting Shanghai.
All Steamers will be despatched at Noon.

FIRST CLASS TO LONDON	£71.10...	RETURN (6 MONTHS) £120.
FIRST CLASS TO NEW YORK	£60. ...	" " " £96.10.
" " " SAN FRANCISCO	£45. ...	" " " £68.

Passengers purchasing Trans-Pacific Return Tickets have the option of returning from San Francisco by Steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co. or from Vancouver by Steamers of the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY Co.

SPECIAL RATES given to NAVAL and MILITARY, CIVIL SERVANTS, MISSIONARIES, etc.

ROUND THE WORLD Tickets issued in connection with all the Principal Mail Lines and the Trans-Siberian Railway.

Passengers may Travel by RAILWAY between Ports of Call in Japan free of charge.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE.

VIA JAPAN PORTS, HONOLULU, HILO, MANZANILLO, SALINA CRUZ, CALLAO, IQUIQUE AND VALPARAISO.

THENCE BY

TRANS-ANDAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES.

Steamer	Displacement Tons and Speed	Leave Hongkong
SRIYO MARU	14,000—15 knots ..	SATURDAY, 11th April.

For Full Particulars as to Passage and Freight, apply to—

S. MORIMOTO, AGENT,
King's Building.

TELEPHONE 291.

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THE AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE.

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

SAILINGS (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Steamer	Arrives Hongkong from Australia	Leaves Hongkong for Australia
"CHANGSHA"	...	25th March.
"TAIYUAN"	8th April.	22nd April.

These Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-Rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.

For Freight or passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Hongkong, 14th March, 1914. TELEPHONE No. 36. AGENTS. [221]

AUSTRIAN LLOYD.



(Under Mail Contract with the Austrian Government.)
MONTHLY FAST SERVICE TO TRIESTE (VENICE).
VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUVA and PORT SAID.
S.S. "KORBER," 9,900 tons, will leave as above on 15th April at 4 P.M.
Superior accommodation for 1st and 2nd Class passengers, no surtax, no tips, no inside Cabins.
FARES: Hongkong-Trieste (Venice) 4/3, 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th.

TO SHANGHAI.
S.S. "KORBER," 9,900 tons, will leave as above on 1st April, at 6 A.M.
FARES: Hongkong-Shanghai, 26 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 14th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th.

TO KOBE VIA SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA.
S.S. "PERSIA," 12,500 tons, will leave as above about 7th April.

Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Australia, New Zealand, South America, and South Africa.

Hongkong, 18th March 1914

SANDER, WIELER & Co., AGENTS,
Princes' Building.

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ON SALE

MAIL TABLES

FOR 1914.

Shows the dates of departure of the Mails of Europe and America, and the dates of their expected arrival at their destinations, as well as the dates of return Mails.

Mounted on Card ... 30 Cents.

On Paper ... 25 "

On Sale at the Hongkong Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 7th January, 1914.

VISITOR TO CANTON

Should Purchase

"FROM HONGKONG TO CANTON

BY THE PEARL RIVER"

BY

CAPTAIN C. V. LLOYD.

With Illustrations, Maps and Plans.

PRICE ... \$1.76

On Sale at—

Hongkong: "Daily Press" Office.

Messrs. KELLY & WATSON, Ltd.

Messrs. BROWN & Co.

Canton: Messrs. A. S. WATSON & Co.

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

FOR	STEAMERS	TONS	TO SAIL
NAPLES, GENOA, ALGIERES, LISBON, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP and BREMEN	"P. E. FRIEDRICH" Capt. C. MUMFORD	16,000	Tuesday, 31st Mar., at 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI, TSINGTAU, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	"PRINCESS ALICE" Capt. J. BORTFELD	20,300	About Saturday, 4th Apr.
MANILA, ANGAUR, YAP, NEWGUINEA, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	"PRINZ SIGISMUND" Capt. A. HUBER	6,000	Saturday, 18th Apr., at 9 A.M.

KOBE	"PRINZ SIGISMUND"	About Tuesday, 31st Mar.
JESSELTON, KUDAT and SANDAKAN	"BORNEO" Capt. J. KOMMER	Thursday, 9th Apr., at 9 A.M.

All the Steamers of the European Line are fitted with Wireless Telegraphy
New System of Telefunken.

RATES INCLUSIVE OF SUR-TAX.

FREIGHT LINE.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG. OUTWARD. HOMEWARD.

Steamship	about	FOR HAVRE, DUNKERK, BREMEN AND HAMBURG/BREITENBURG
"SIGMARINGEN"	30th March.	S.S. "GEMINIS" about 5th May.
"NORDERNEY"	15th April.	For MANHESSEN, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM AND BREMEN/HAMBURG S.S. "SIGMARINGEN" about 16th May.
"HELGOLAND"	27th April.	For HAVRE, BREMEN AND HAMBURG/BREITENBURG S.S. "NORDERNEY" about 1st June.
"BORKUM"	11th May.	For MANHESSEN, ROTTERDAM AND BREITENBURG S.S. "HELGOLAND" about Middle of June.
		For HAVRE, BREMEN AND HAMBURG/BREITENBURG S.S. "BORKUM" about End of June.

For Further Particulars, Please apply to—

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

MELCHERS & CO.

GENERAL AGENTS

Hongkong, 9th March, 1914.

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SHIPPING IN PORT.

STEAMERS	ARRIVE	LEAVE
AENEAS RIGKERS, German str., 2,236. Baum, 20th March—Singapore 19th March, General—Order.		
CHANGSHA, British str., 1,443, F. C. Gam- brill, 18th March—Melbourne 6th February, General—Butterfield & Swire.		
CHONGHUA, British str., 1,367, Findlayson, 20th March—Manila 17th March, General—Butterfield & Swire.		
CHONGHUA, British str., 1,367, Doyle, 19th March—Kwang Yen 16th March, Stone—Shewan, Tomes & Co.		
COBBES, German str., 1,130, L. Klugkist, 18th March—Kutchinoten 14th March, General—Melchers & Co.		
DEUCALION, British str., 4,478, G. Moir, 18th March—Birkenhead 7th Febru- ary, General—Butterfield & Swire.		
HAICHING, British str., 841, J. W. Evans, 20th March—Swatow 10th March, General—Douglas Lapraik & Co.		
HAICHING, British str., 1,267, W. C. Pass- more, 22nd March—Swatow 21st March, General—Douglas Lapraik & Co.		
HUPES, British str., 1,205, A. Tucker, 18th March—Chungking 14th March, Gen- eral—Butterfield & Swire.		
HALVARD, Norwegian str., 1,008, C. Beck, 21st March—Belik Papan 13th March, General—Java-China-Japan Lijn.		
HONG MOB, British str., 2,555, R. J. Bain- bridge, 22nd March—Singapore 15th March, General—Chinese.		
KAIJO MARU, Japanese str., 1,292, Y. Yama- moto, 21st March—Swatow 20th March, General—Order.		
KWANLOO, Chinese str., 1,468, MacArthur, 21st March—Shanghai 16th March, General—Chinese.		
LIANGHOU, British str., 1,220, Benson, 20th March—Shanghai 17th March, Gen- eral—Butterfield & Swire.		
MANGOURIA, American str., 8,750, A. Dixon, 15th March—San Francisco 12th February, General—Pacific Mail S.S. Co.		
MATHILDE, German str., 831, Schlaikier, 21st March—Hohow 20th March, General—Jensen & Co.		
MEXICO CITY, British str., 3,179, N. A. Starkey, 18th March—Moj 10th March, General—Mitsui Bussan Kaisha		
March, Coal—Mitsui Bussan Kaisha		
MONTAGUE, British str., 2,930, A. J. Hailwood, 20th March—Vancouver 19th February, General—Canadian Pacific Railway Co.		
NANAI MARU, Japanese str., 1,064, Sakuma, 20th March—Mitsui 14th March, Coal— Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.		
NILE, British str., 3,125, G. S. Lapraik, 19th March—San Francisco 10th February, General—Pacific Mail S.S. Co.		
NUBIA, British str., 5,065, F. J. Fox, 22nd March—Singapore 15th March, Gen- eral—P. & O. S. N. Co.		
ONHANG, British str., 1,046, Picknell, 20th March—Singapore 12th March, Gen- eral—Jensen & Co.		
OFLAND, Norwegian str., 1,243, H. L. Emmer, 21st March—Bangkok 12th March, General—Order.		
POMORON, German str., 908, W. Botschur, 10th March—Kohsichang 11th March, Ries and Wood—Butterfield & Swire.		
RIOTON MARU, Japanese str., 2,979, Y. Yamaguchi, 16th March—Keelung 14th March, Coal and General— Dodwell & Co.		
SAMBA, German str., 982, F. Bucking, 20th March—Bangkok 19th March, Ries—Butterfield & Swire.		

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hongkong Observatory, 1st to 23rd

Previous Day	2 p.m.	6 p.m.	2 p.m.
Barometer	29.50	29.78	29.87
Thermometer	77	77	77
Humidity	76	76	79
Wind Direction	South	SEB	South
Force	2	2	2
Weather	o	o	o
Rain	0.00		

Highest open air Temperature on 22nd 78</

Hoehn Extra Dry

South American

OBTAINABLE FROM
THE SINCERE CO., LTD.
SUB-AGENT FOR HONGKONG.
(38-22)

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1914.



NATURA MILK

BEST
STERILIZED
MILK

ON THE MARKET.

\$9 PER CASE OF 48 TINS AT 1 LB.

HUGO C. A. FROMM,
HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1914.



LEONHARDT'S

INKS AND
GUMS,
CARBON
PAPERS,
TYPEWRITER
RIBBONS.

ARE THE BEST!

Supplied from local stock of the General Agent for
Hongkong and China—

HUGO C. A. FROMM,
HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1914.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The *Chenai*, with the Mails FROM LONDON (via Siberia) of Wednesday and Friday, the 4th and 6th inst., is due to arrive here tomorrow.

The *Aradito*, with the ENGLISH MAIL, left Singapore on Friday, the 20th inst., at 6 p.m., and is due to arrive here tomorrow evening at 8 a.m. This Packet brings the parcel Mails closed in London for dispatch by the all sea route on the 18th ult., and for despatch overland on the 25th ult.

On and after April 1st the Western Branch Post-Office situated in the Old Harbour Office in rear of the Western Market North Block will be open daily from 7 a.m. to 9.30 p.m. on week days and from 8 a.m. to 9 a.m. and 6 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. on Sundays and Holidays for the transaction of postal business, e.g. sale of stamps registration, etc. Direct Mails to Canton are made up at this Office.

FOR PER DATE
*Swatow, Amoy, Shanghai and North China ... Tuesday, 24th, 10.00 A.M.
*Japan via Yokohama ... Tuesday, 24th, 10.00 A.M.
*Batavia, Samarang and Sourabaya ... Tuesday, 24th, 10.00 A.M.
*Swatow, Amoy and Fookow ... Tuesday, 24th, 10.00 A.M.
*Shanghai, North China, Japan via Moji ... Tuesday, 24th, 10.00 A.M.
*Victoria, B.C., and Seattle ... Tuesday, 24th, 10.00 A.M.

SAIGON, STRAITS, CEYLON, ADELAIDE, WESTERN AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADELAIDE, EGYPT and EUROPE via MARELLIS (Late Letters 11 to NOON, Extra postage 10 cents). (Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first clearance will be included in this contract mail).

*Philippine Islands ... Tuesday, 24th, 3.00 P.M.
*Shanghai and North China ... Tuesday, 24th, 3.00 P.M.
*Philippine Islands ... Tuesday, 24th, 3.00 P.M.

Holbow, Haplong and Pakhoi ... Wednesday, 25th, 9.00 A.M.
*Philippine Islands, Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand via Port Darwin ... Wednesday, 25th, 9.00 A.M.
Straits and Ceylon ... Wednesday, 25th, 10.00 A.M.
Swatow ... Wednesday, 25th, 11.00 A.M.
Japan via Kobe ... Wednesday, 25th, 1.00 P.M.
Swatow, Amoy and Fookow ... Wednesday, 25th, 4.00 P.M.

*Japan, Amoy and Fookow ... Wednesday, 25th, 4.00 P.M.
*Shanghai and North China ... Wednesday, 25th, 5.00 P.M.

SHANGHAI, NORTH CHINA, JAPAN via NAGASAKI, HONGKONG, UNITED STATES, SOUTH AMERICA and CANADA via SAN FRANCISCO (EUROPE via SIBERIA). (To make connection with the Dalny steamer leaving Shanghai on Monday, the 30th inst., at 12.30 p.m.)

Holbow and Pakhoi ... Thursday, 26th, 9.00 A.M.
*Japan via Kobe ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Swatow, Amoy and Fookow ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.

*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Swatow, Amoy and Fookow ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.

*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Swatow, Amoy and Fookow ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.

*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Swatow, Amoy and Fookow ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.

*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Swatow, Amoy and Fookow ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.

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*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.

*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Swatow, Amoy and Fookow ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.
*Shanghai and North China ... Thursday, 26th, 10.00 A.M.

COMMERCIAL

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

March 23rd.	
ON LONDON:	
Telegraphic Transfer	111 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	111 1/2
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight	111 1/2
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight	111 1/2
Credit, at 4 months' sight	111 1/2
ON HAMBURG:	
Bank Bills, on demand	24 1/2
Credit, at 4 months' sight	24 1/2
ON GERMANY:	
On demand	197 1/2
ON NEW YORK:	
Bank Bills, on demand	47
Credit, at 60 days' sight	48
ON BOMBAY:	
Telegraphic Transfer	144
Bank, on demand	144 1/2
ON CALCUTTA:	
Telegraphic Transfer	144
Bank, on demand	144 1/2
ON SHANGHAI:	
Bank, at sight	73 1/2
Private, 30 days' sight	74 1/2
ON YOKOHAMA:	
On demand	94 1/2
ON MANILA:	
On demand	85 1/2
ON SINGAPORE:	
On demand	82 1/2
ON BATAVIA:	
On demand	83 1/2
ON HATYONG:	
On demand	83 1/2
ON SAIGON:	
On demand	83 1/2
ON HONGKONG:	
Bank's Buying Rate	\$10.30
Gold Leaf, 100 fine, per tael	\$54.20
BAR SILVER, per oz.	20 1/2

SUBSIDIARY COINS.

	per cent.
Hongkong .. 20 cents pieces	\$ 4.50 discount.
Hongkong .. 10 ..	\$ 6.70 ..

MAILS VIA SIBERIA.

	London	Shanghai
March 4th.	March 21st.	
March 7th.	March 23rd.	

SHARE LIST—QUOTATIONS.

HONGKONG, 23rd MARCH, 1914.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE PAID UP.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS.	RETURN ON BASIS OF LAST DIV'D.
BANKS.—				
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Corporation	120,000	\$125 all	\$1815	51 p.c.
China Borneo Company, Limited	50,000	\$12 all	\$111 1/2	81 p.c.
China Light and Power Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$25 all	\$4, sellers	
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Co., Ltd.	200,000	\$10 all	\$33, sellers	73 p.c.
CORPORATIONS.—				
Ewo Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	20,000	Tls. 50 all	Tls. 130	
Hongkong Cotton Spinning Co., Ltd.	125,000	\$10 all	\$8.15, sal. & buy	5 p.c.
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	40,000	\$7 1/2 all	\$36, buyers	5 p.c.
DOCKERS AND WHARVES.—				
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & G. Co., Ltd.	20,000	\$50 all	\$86	5 p.c.
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$50 all	\$74, sellers	5 p.c.
New Amoy Dock Co., Limited	10,000	\$63 all	\$31	7 1/2 p.c.
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co., Ltd.	55,700	Tls. 100 all	Tls. 55, buyers	
Shanghai and Hongkong Wharf Co., Ltd.	35,000	Tls. 100 all	Tls. 100	
Green Island Cement Co., Limited	400,000	\$10 all	\$51	4 p.c.
Hongkong Electric Co., Limited	60,000	\$10 all	\$45, sellers	4 p.c.
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	20,000	\$50 all	\$124, buyers	5 p.c.
Manila Metropolitan Hotel, Limited	15,000	P. 10 all	\$185, buyers	51 p.c.
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25 all	\$23	9 1/2 p.c.
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	60,000	\$10 all	\$2	
Hongkong & South China Steam Fishers Co., Ltd.	15,000	\$6 all	\$10	
Hongkong Steel Foundry Co., Ltd.	15,000	\$10 all	\$10	
Hongkong Tramway Co., Ltd.	325,000	\$1 all	\$16, sales	
INSURANCE.—				
Canton Insurance Office Co., Limited	10,000	\$250 \$50 \$332		5 p.c.
China Fire Insurance Co., Limited	20,000	\$100 \$20 \$146, x. dir.		62 p.c.
Hongkong Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.	3,000	\$250 \$50 \$368, x. dir.		78 p.c.
North China Insurance Co., Limited	10,000	\$15 \$25 Tls. 130, buyers		61 p.c.
Union Insurance Society, Limited	12,400	\$250 \$100 \$345		
Yangtze Insurance Association, Ltd.	12,000	\$100 \$50 \$300, buyers		61 p.c.
LAND AND BUILDING.—				
Hongkong Land Investment Agency Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$100 all	\$112	81 p.c.
Hongkong Land Reclamation Co., Ltd.	25,000	\$100 \$75	\$200	
Humphreys Estate and Finance Co., Ltd.	150,000	\$10 all	\$3, sales	5 p.c.
Kowloon Land and Building Co., Ltd.	6,000	\$50 \$30	\$44	7 p.c.
Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd.	78,000	Tls. 50 all	Tls. 89, buyers	51 p.c.
West Point Building Co., Limited	12,500	\$50 all	\$68	
Manchurian Land Exploitation Co., Ltd.	25,000	Gds 10 all	Tls. 64, sellers	
MINING.—				
Chinese Engineering and M. Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	\$21 all	40	
Heawood Tin and Rubber Estate, Ltd.	322,000	\$1 all	\$5, buyers	
Ramb Australian Gold Mining Co., Ltd.	200,000	\$1 all	\$5 1/2, sellers	72 p.c.
Tromps Mines, Limited	160,000	\$10 all	\$104	
Pak Tramways Co., Limited	25,000	\$10 \$11	\$20.95, sellers	
Philippine Co., Limited	75,000	\$10 all	\$5	
Pulper et Papeteries de Tonkin Societe An.	15,200	\$50 all	\$20, sellers	
REFINING.—				
China Sugar Refining Co., Limited	20,000	\$100 all	\$83, sellers	5 p.c.
Luzon Sugar Refining Co., Limited	7,000	\$100 all	\$50, sellers	
STAMPS.—				
China and Manila Steamship Co., Ltd.	30,000	\$5 all	\$35, buyers	5 p.c.
Douglas Steamship Co., Limited	20,000	\$50 all	\$234	74 p.c.
Hongkong, Canton & Macao S.S. Co., Ltd.	30,000	\$15 all	\$71, (L/don	6 p.c.
Indo-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.	60,000 def.	\$25 all	\$127.10, buyers	33 p.c.
Shell Transport & Trading Co., Ltd.	2,500,000	\$1 all	\$100, buyers	
Star Ferry Company, Limited	40,000	\$10 all	\$49, buyers	
South China Morning Post, Limited	6,000	\$10 all	\$20, sal. & sel.	
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$5 all	\$44, buyers	
STONES AND DIMENSION.—				
Powell, Wm. Limited	15,000	\$7 all	\$34, buyers	4 p.c.
Watson & Co. A. S. Limited	90,000	\$10 all	\$72, buyers	51 p.c.
Union Waterboat Co., Limited	50,000	\$10 all	\$20, sellers	

Pars Rubber in London.

Loans.	Amount.	Value.	Interest.	Quotation.
Chinese Imperial 1896	Tls. 767,200	Tls. 250	7% p. annum	Par.

VERNON & SMYTH, Share Brokers.

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of the MEETINGS of the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for the Session 1913.

REVISED BY THE MEMBERS.

PRICE

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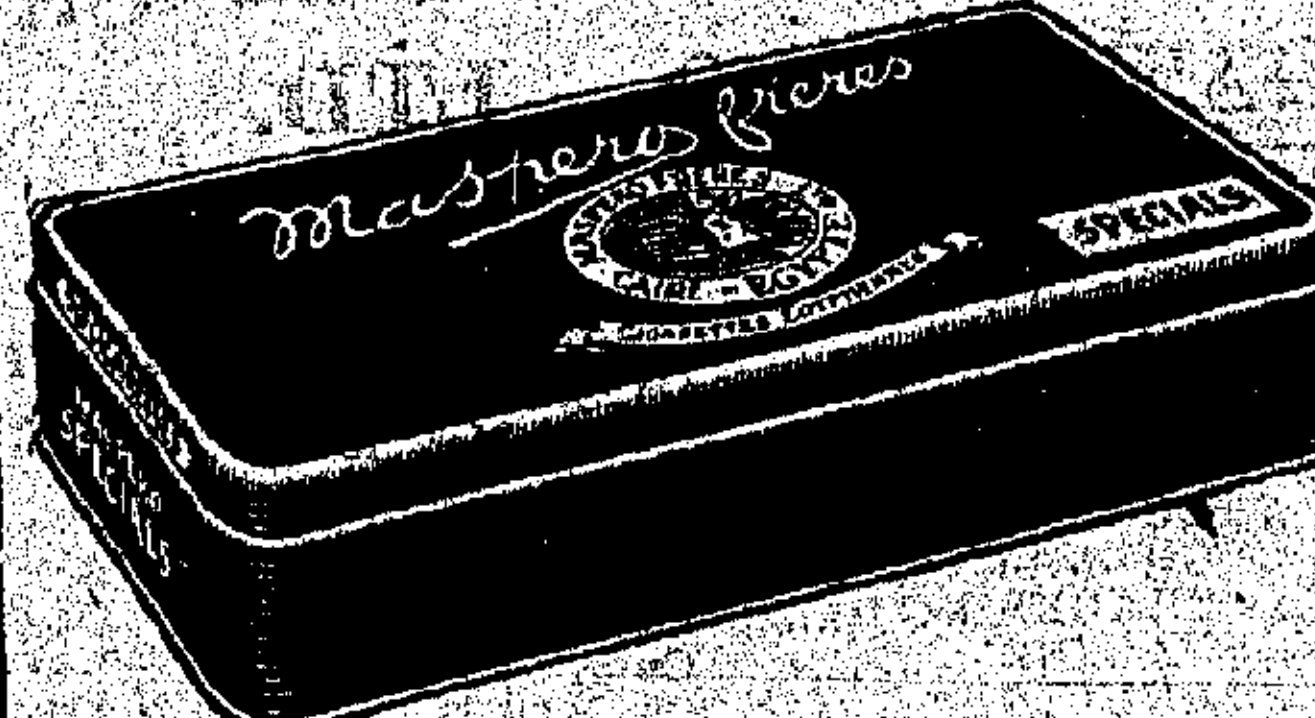
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FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Thursday, 26th Mar.—

11 a.m.—Hongkong Club Half-Yearly Drawing of 65 Tickets.

Noon—Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co., Ltd., Meeting of Shareholders.

5.15 p.m.—Hongkong Club Yearly General Meeting in the Club House.

Monday, 29th Mar.—

9 p.m.—Oxford and Cambridge Dinner at the Hongkong Hotel.

Monday, 30th Mar.—

11 a.m.—Luzon Sugar Refining Co., Ltd., Meeting of Shareholders.

11.15 a.m.—Luzon Sugar Refining Co., Ltd., Meeting of Shareholders.

Noon—Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd., Meeting of Shareholders.

3 p.m.—Auction of Crown Land at Ngau Shi Wan in the New Territories, by Public Works Dept.

3 p.m.—Auction of Crown Land at Bowen Road, by Public Works Dept.

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